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Joint power spectrum-bispectrum covariance and the squeezed configurations

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Predictions from single-field inflation are consistent with CMB observations. Large-scale structure observations will improve our knowledge of the early universe. In particular, we can learn much about the inflationary era by testing for primordial non-Gaussianity (PNG). The upcoming galaxy surveys promise to improve such constraints by mapping the 3-dimensional distribution of matter and galaxies in the universe to scales of the order of the Hubble horizon. Then, to extract information about the early universe, we need to compute observables with the same precision as the observations, for example, the galaxy Power Spectrum and Bispectrum. A precise estimation for the covariance is a relevant ingredient in determining the information content of a given observable. The main goal of the talk is to study how the modelling of the joint power spectrum-bispectrum covariance is improved by including non-Gaussian terms that agree with N-body simulations at a 20% level. We will see that the non-Gaussian terms in the covariance are significant for observables evaluated at the squeezed limit, as in the case of the local PNG factor. Then, by doing a Fisher analysis on the constraining power of PNG, it is confirmed that non-Gaussian terms have to be taken into account, as they degrade the constraint by more than a factor of 2. Finally, I will talk about a work in progress where we want to include shot noise contribution and use the theoretical covariance to estimate the uncertainty in measuring PNG from the power spectrum response function.

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