



Trento Institute for  
Fundamental Physics  
and Applications



UNIVERSITY  
OF TRENTO

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# SCALE-INVARIANT INFLATION

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# OUTLINE

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**1. FUNDAMENTAL SCALE INVARIANCE**

**2. SCALE-INVARIANT QUADRATIC GRAVITY**

**3. INFLATIONARY PREDICTIONS**

# UNIFYING PRINCIPLE FOR 3 MAIN ISSUES

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How to realise naturally flat inflationary potentials without fine-tuning?

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What drives the present  $\Lambda$  so small?

$$\frac{\rho_{vac}}{\rho_{\Lambda}} \sim 10^{120}$$

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## INFLATION

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What drives the present  $\Lambda$  so small?  $\frac{\rho_{vac}}{\rho_{\Lambda}} \sim 10^{120}$

## RENORMALIZABILITY

Can we find a new, highly predictive, criterion beyond renormalizability?

# FUNDAMENTAL SCALE INVARIANCE

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*C. Wetterich*, *Nuclear Physics B*, 115326 (2021)

*A. Strumia & A. Salvio*, *J High Energ Phys*, 6 (2017)

Basic idea: a fundamental QFT does not involve any intrinsic parameter with dimension of mass or length

Following Wetterich, we can introduce an explicit mass scale  $k$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Canonical field} & \leftarrow \phi = k \tilde{\phi} \rightarrow & \text{Scale-invariant field} \\ \text{Dimension of a mass} & & \text{Dimensionless} \end{array}$$

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The corresponding effective actions obey

$$k \partial_k \Gamma_k[\phi] = \zeta_k[\phi]$$

General solution

$$k \partial_k \Gamma_k[\tilde{\phi}] = 0$$

Particular, scaling solution holding when the canonical fields are expressed in terms of the scale-invariant ones

# FUNDAMENTAL SCALE INVARIANCE

## NATURALLY FLAT POTENTIALS FOR INFLATION

Scale-invariant theory non-minimally coupled to gravity

$$\mathcal{L}_J = \sqrt{-g} \left[ \xi \phi^2 R - \lambda \phi^4 - \frac{1}{2} (\partial\phi)^2 \right]$$

Weyl rescaling from the Jordan to the Einstein frame

$$\mathcal{L}_E = \sqrt{-\tilde{g}} \left[ \frac{M_{pl}^2}{2} \tilde{R} - M_l^4 \frac{\lambda}{\xi^2} - \frac{1}{2} (\partial\tilde{\phi})^2 \right]$$

The potential is **flat** at tree-level: no fine-tuning. Scale symmetry breaking can occur from quantum corrections.

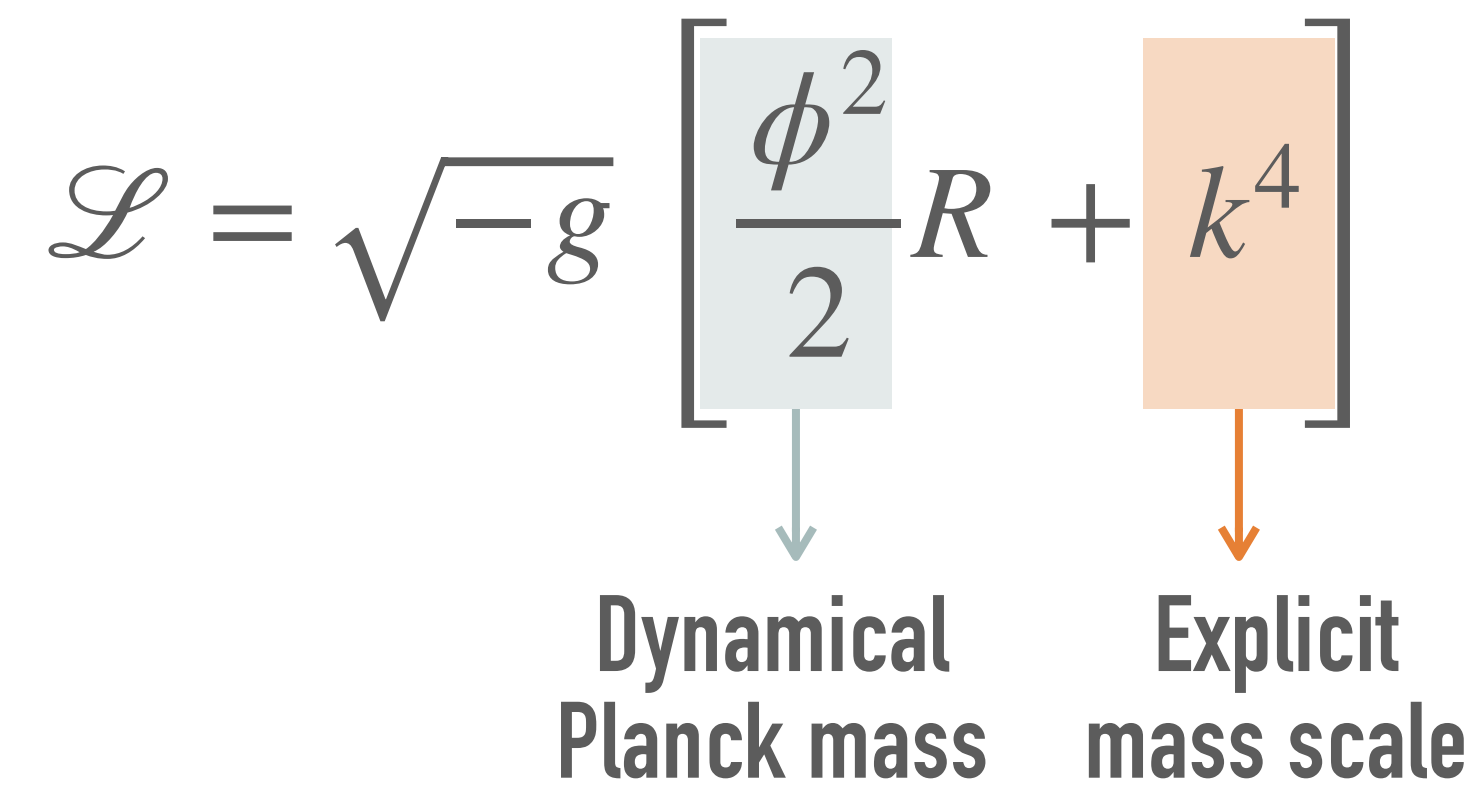


# FUNDAMENTAL SCALE INVARIANCE

## EXPLICIT SCALE SYMMETRY BREAKING AND DYNAMICAL DARK ENERGY

Introduce a small explicit scale-symmetry breaking term

$$\mathcal{L} = \sqrt{-g} \left[ \frac{\phi^2}{2} R + k^4 \right]$$



The effective cosmological “constant” evolves

$$\lambda = \frac{k^4}{\phi^4}$$

For cosmological solutions  $\phi$  increases without bounds such that  $\lambda \rightarrow 0$  in the infinite future.

\* Today  $k \sim 10^{-3}$  eV for  $\phi \sim M_{pl}$

# FUNDAMENTAL SCALE INVARIANCE

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## A CRITERION BEYOND RENORMALIZABILITY

For general renormalizable theories the effective action remains well defined in the continuum limit if one employs renormalized fields

$$\text{Renormalized fields} \leftarrow \phi_{R,i}(x) = k^{d_i} f_i(k) \tilde{\phi}_i(x) \rightarrow \text{Scale-invariant field}$$

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Theories with fundamental scale invariance:

- Renormalizable
- For some choice of the fields  $\tilde{\phi}$  the effective action becomes  $k$ -independent
- Exact scaling solutions: no free parameters.  
**High predictive power**


# SCALE-INVARIANT QUADRATIC GRAVITY

## THE MODEL

*M. Rinaldi and L. Vanzo PR D 94 (2016)*

- $\mathcal{L}_{EH} \longrightarrow f(R, \phi)$ : scalar-tensor theory of modified gravity
- Most general scale-invariant  $\mathcal{L}$  up to  $R^2$

$$\mathcal{L}_J = \sqrt{-g} \left[ \frac{\alpha}{36} R^2 + \frac{\xi}{6} \phi^2 R - \frac{1}{2} (\partial\phi)^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4} \phi^4 \right], \quad \alpha, \lambda, \xi > 0$$

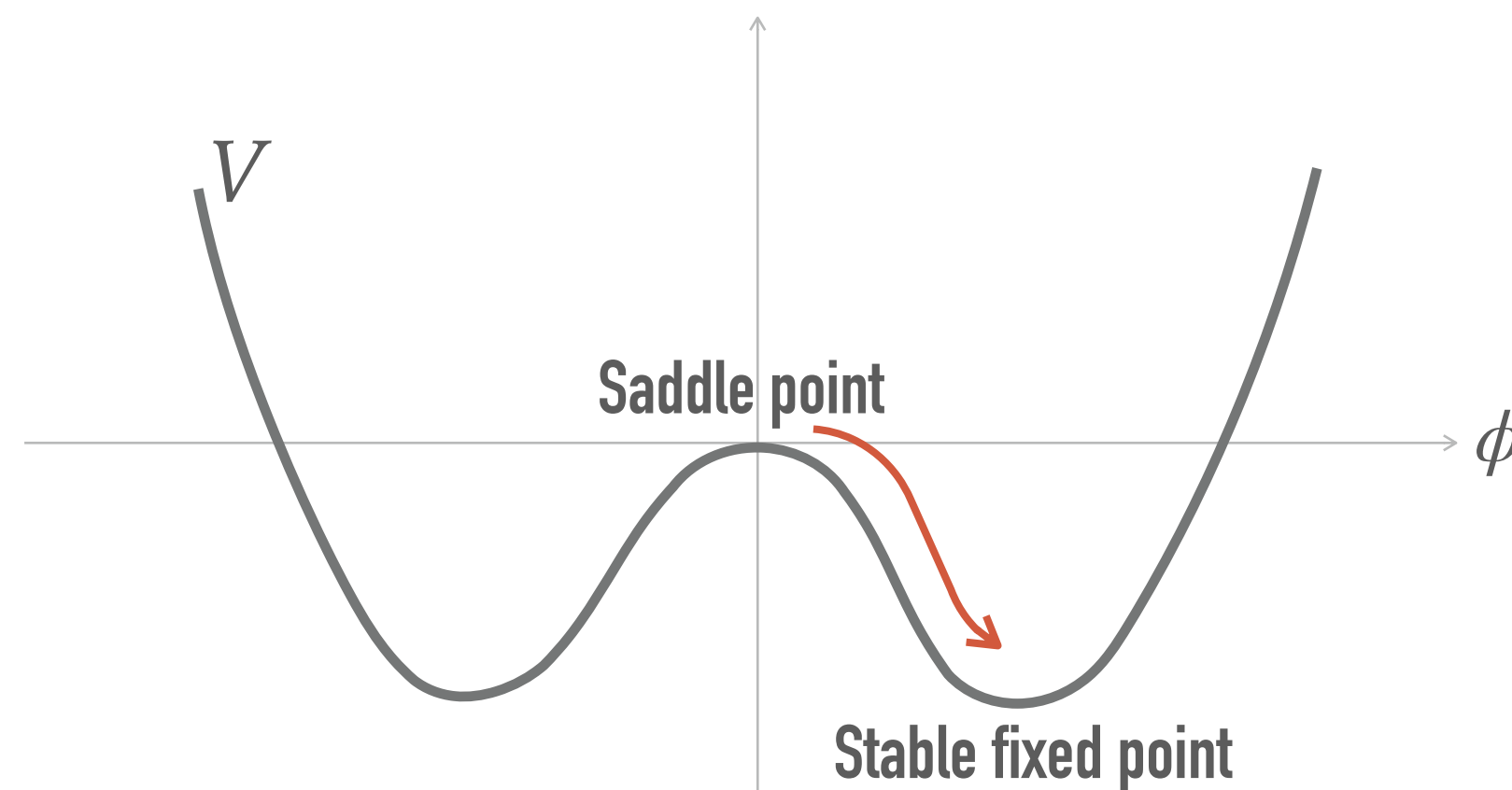


- Scale transformations act as
    - $\bar{g}_{\mu\nu}(x) = g_{\mu\nu}(\ell x)$
    - $\bar{\phi}(x) = \ell \phi(\ell x)$
- $\bar{\mathcal{L}} = \mathcal{L}$

# SCALE-INVARIANT QUADRATIC GRAVITY

## JORDAN FRAME

The field  $\phi$  is subjected to an effective potential

$$V_{eff}(\phi) = -\frac{\xi}{6}\phi^2 R + \frac{\lambda}{4}\phi^4$$


### Classical scale-symmetry breaking

The scalar field takes a non-zero VEV at the minimum

$$\langle \phi_0^2 \rangle = \frac{\xi R}{3\lambda}$$

### Dynamical generation of a mass scale

Natural identification with the Planck mass

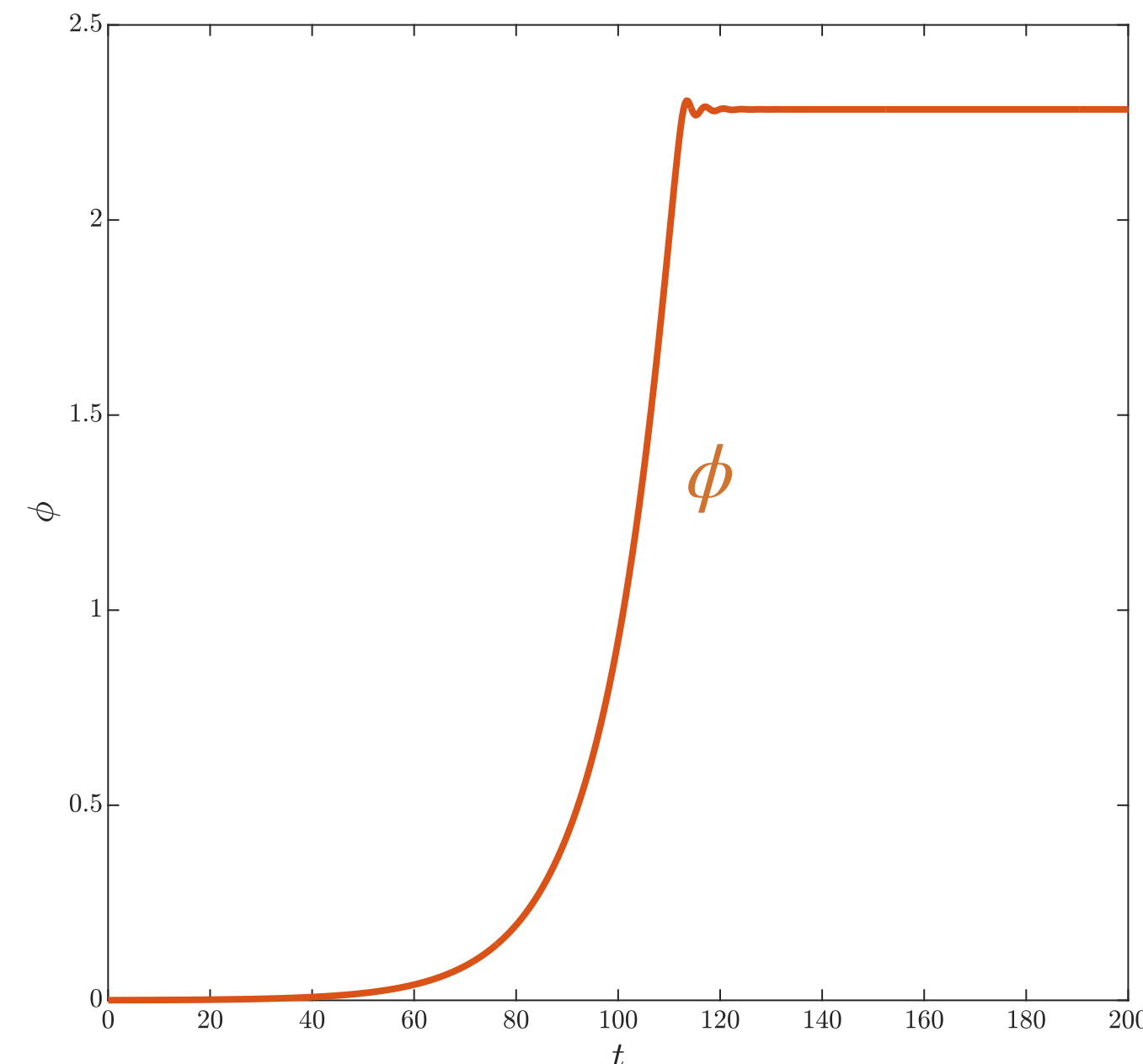
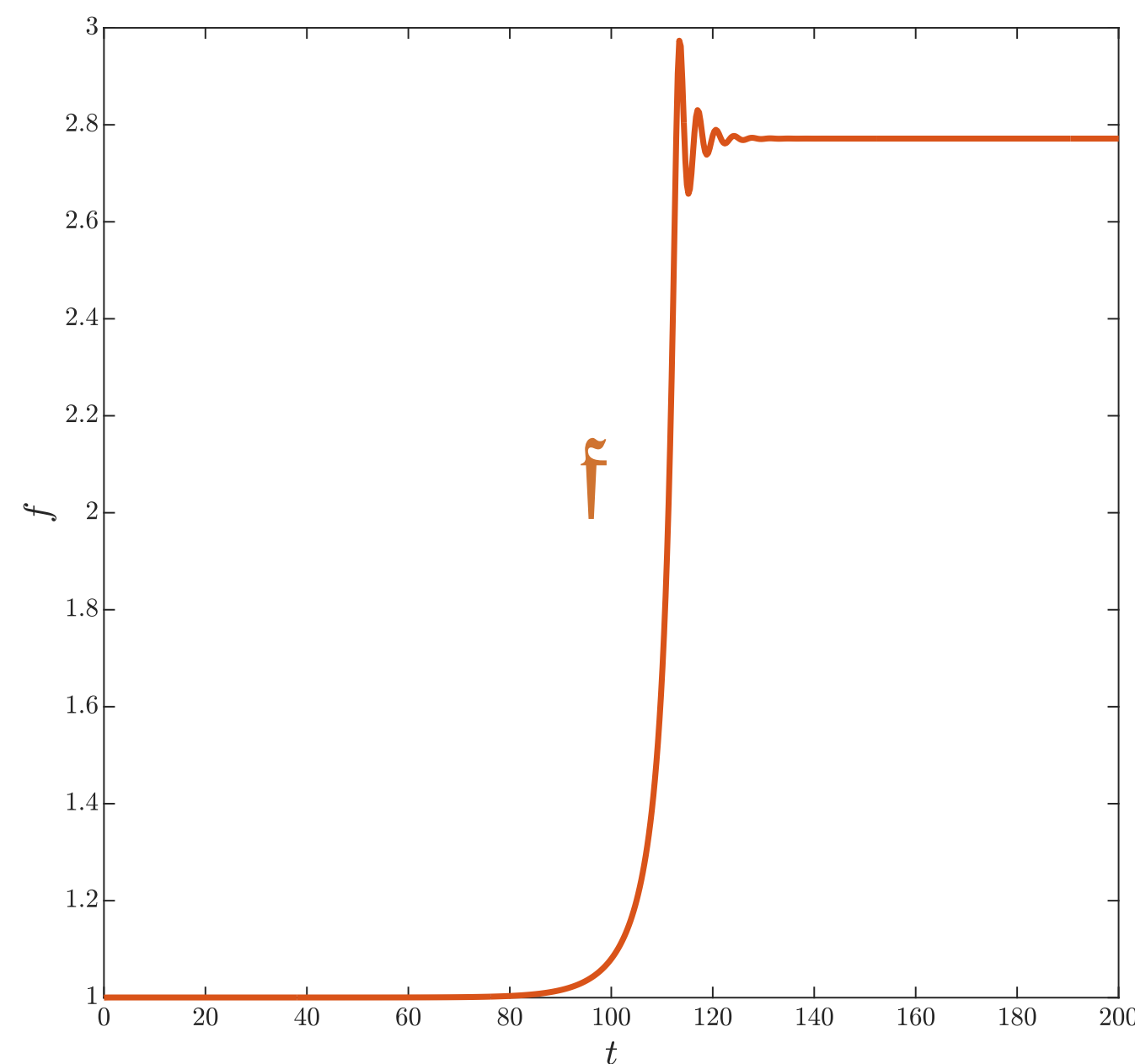
$$\frac{\xi}{6}\phi_0^2 R \equiv \frac{1}{2}M_{pl}^2 R$$

# SCALE-INVARIANT QUADRATIC GRAVITY

EINSTEIN FRAME  $g_{\mu\nu}^* = \Omega^2 g_{\mu\nu}$

Two dynamical degrees of freedom: are we in multi-field inflation?

$$\mathcal{L}_E = \sqrt{-g} \left[ \frac{M^2}{2} R - \frac{3M^2}{f^2} (\partial f)^2 - \frac{f^2}{2M^2} (\partial\phi)^2 - V(f, \phi) \right]$$



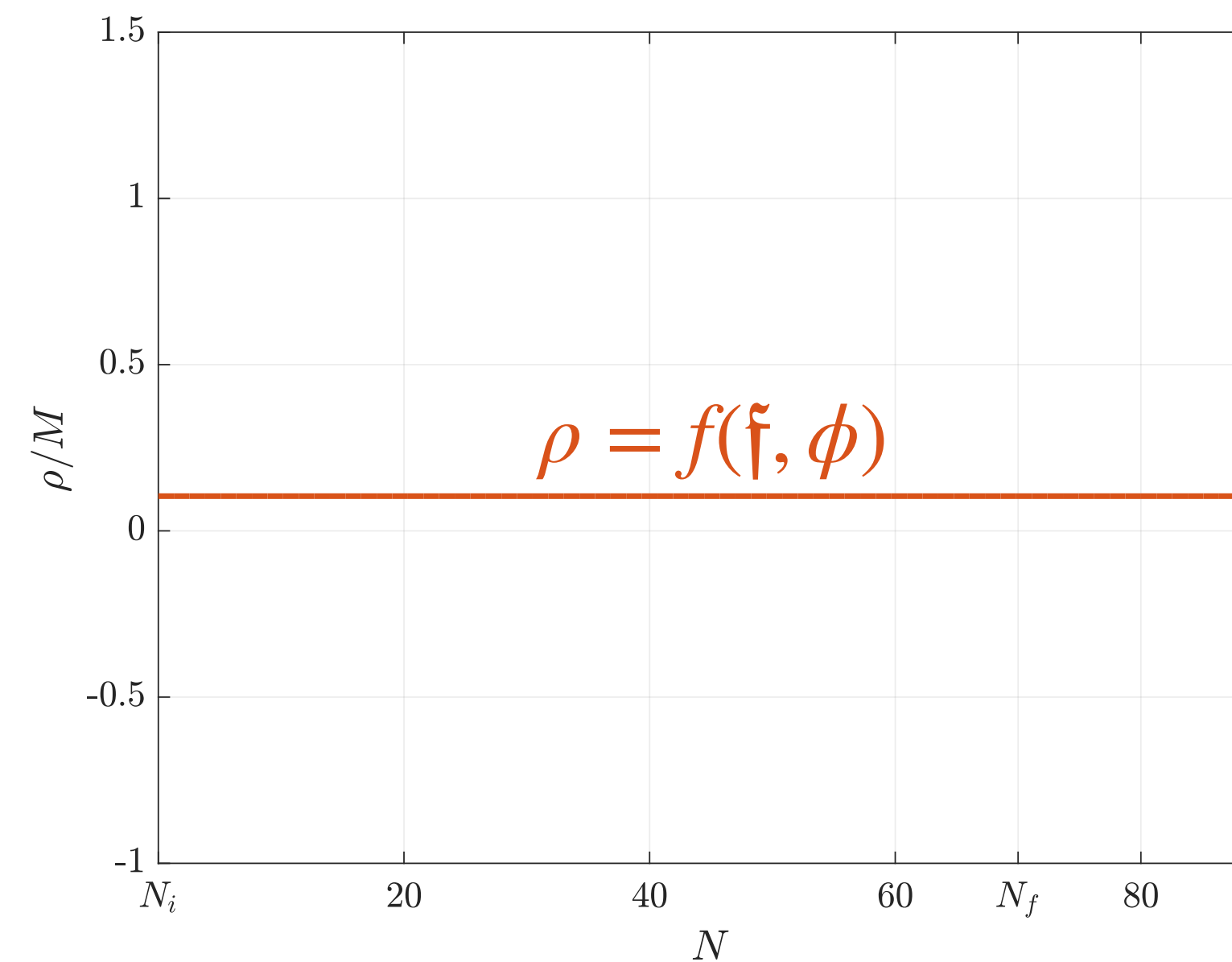
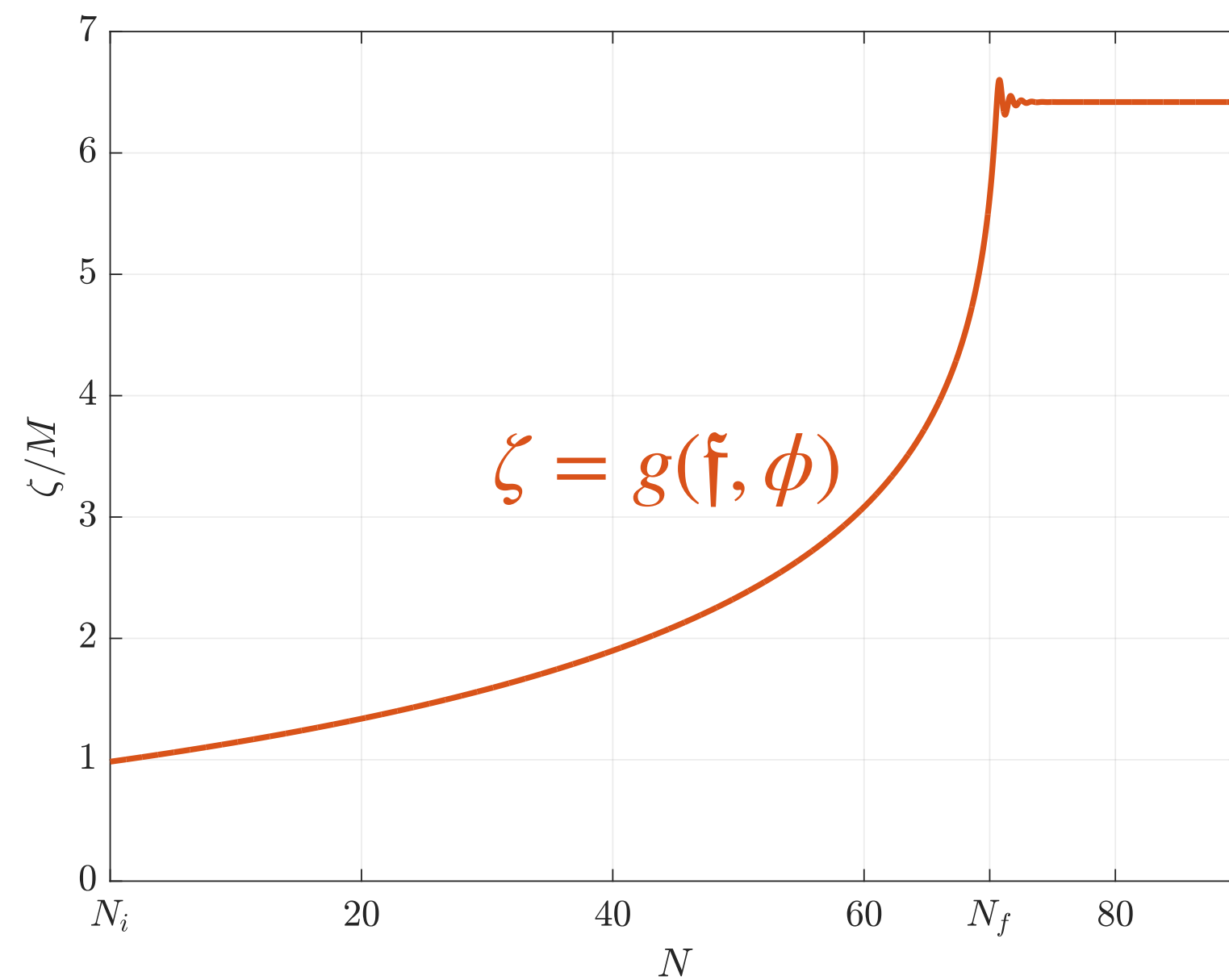
# SCALE-INVARIANT QUADRATIC GRAVITY

## EINSTEIN FRAME: FIELDS' REDEFINITION

*G. Tambalo & M. Rinaldi Gen Relativ Gravit 49 (2017)*

Noether's current conservation can be employed to shift all the dynamics on one field

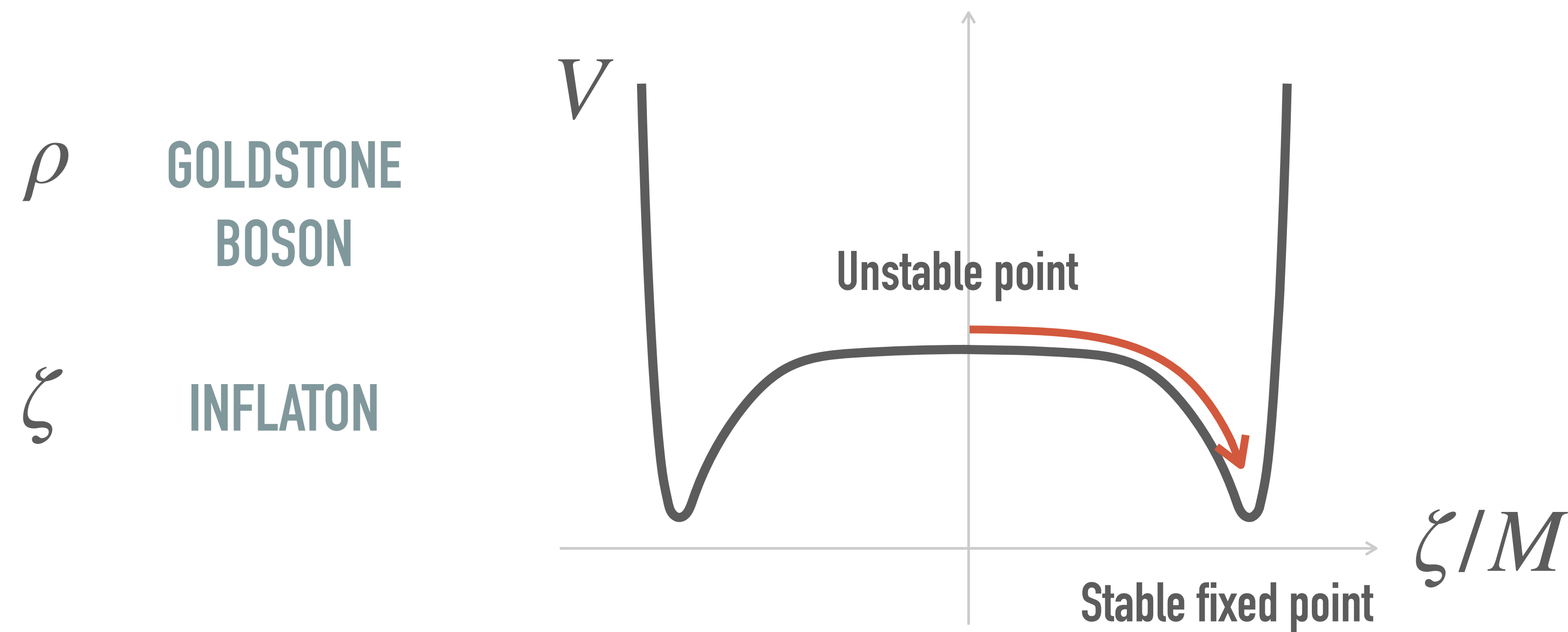
$$\mathcal{L}_E = \sqrt{-g} \left( \frac{M^2}{2} R - \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \zeta \partial^\mu \zeta - 3 \text{Cosh} \left[ \frac{\zeta}{\sqrt{6}M} \right]^2 \partial_\mu \rho \partial^\mu \rho - U(\zeta) \right)$$



# SCALE-INVARIANT QUADRATIC GRAVITY

## EINSTEIN FRAME: SINGLE-FIELD POTENTIAL

- Naturally flat plateau: no fine-tuning
- Non-vanishing at the minima



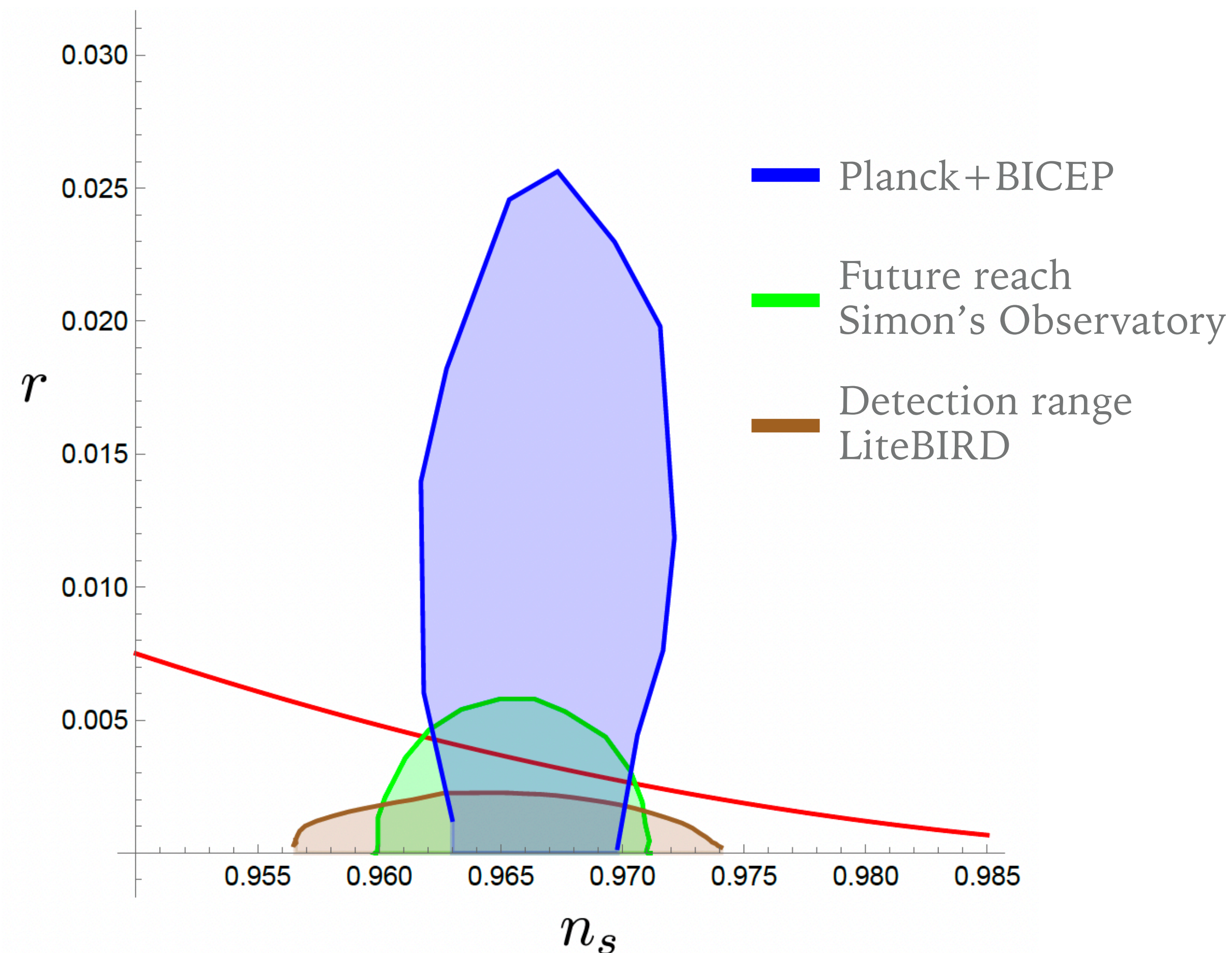


# INFLATIONARY PREDICTIONS

## PRIMORDIAL SPECTRA

*A. Ghoshal, D. Mukherjee, & M. Rinaldi* JHEP 5 (2023)

Single-field predictions are recovered, both in the Jordan and the Einstein frame



### Scalar perturbations

$$\Delta_s^2(k) = \frac{1}{2M_{pl}^2 \epsilon} \left( \frac{H}{2\pi} \right)^2 \Big|_{k=aH}$$

### Tensor perturbations

$$\Delta_t^2(k) = \frac{2}{\pi^2} \left( \frac{H}{M_{pl}} \right)^2 \Big|_{k=aH}$$

- $\Omega = \alpha\lambda + \xi^2 \lesssim 1.15 \xi^2$
- $\alpha \gtrsim 2 \times 10^{10}$
- $\xi \lesssim 1.3 \times 10^{-2}$
- $\Delta N \gtrsim 55$

# SUMMARY

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- Fundamental scale invariance as a new theoretical principle beyond renormalizability
- Dynamical dark energy and naturally flat potentials for inflation
- Modify gravity adopting scale invariance as a guiding principle
- Noether's current conservation for single-field dynamics

**BACKUP SLIDES**

# FUNDAMENTAL SCALE INVARIANCE

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## COSMOLOGY AS AN UV-IR CROSSOVER

### Fundamental scale invariance



### Quantum scale invariance

The effective action only depends on one scale  $k$  which can be reabsorbed into a fields' redefinition

The effective action carries no scale at all

- $k \rightarrow \infty$ : UV fixed point
- $k \rightarrow 0$ : IR fixed point

All couplings  $g(\tilde{\phi})$  become constant and dimensionless

Cosmology as a crossover between an UV (inflation) and an IR fixed point (we are already close to it)

# INFLATIONARY PREDICTIONS

## PRIMORDIAL SPECTRA

Even with non-zero initial velocity the Goldstone boson does not contribute

$$\rho'(N) \sim e^{-3N} \rightarrow 0$$

Single-field predictions are recovered, both in the Jordan and the Einstein frame

### Scalar perturbations

*C. Cecchini & M. Rinaldi in preparation*

$$\Delta_s^2(k) = \frac{1}{2M_{pl}^2 \epsilon} \left( \frac{H}{2\pi} \right)^2 \Bigg|_{k=aH}$$

$$n_s - 1 \approx -6 \epsilon(\zeta_*) + 2\eta(\zeta_*)$$

### Tensor perturbations

*A. Ghoshal, D. Mukherjee, & M. Rinaldi JHEP 5 (2023)*

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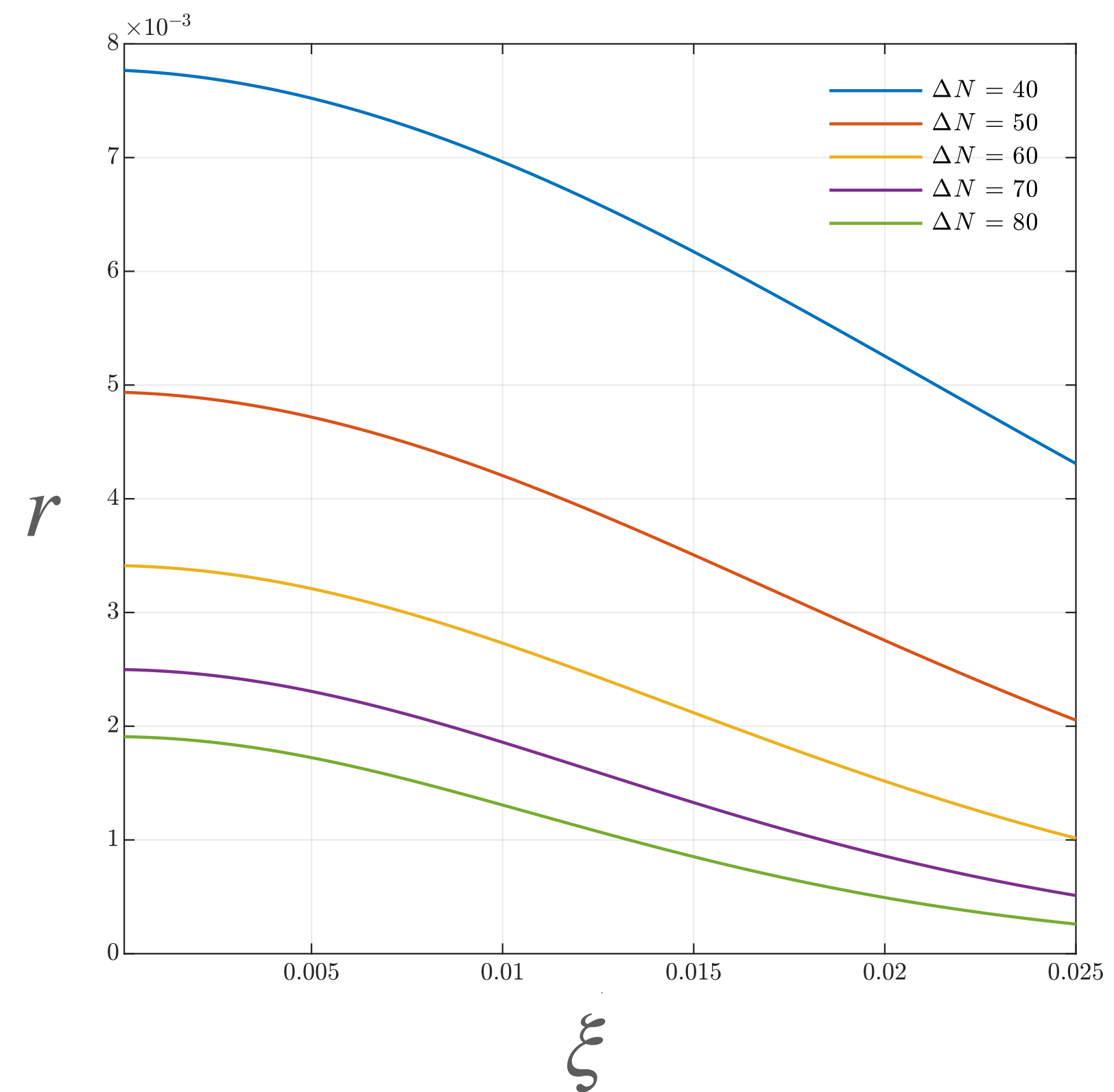
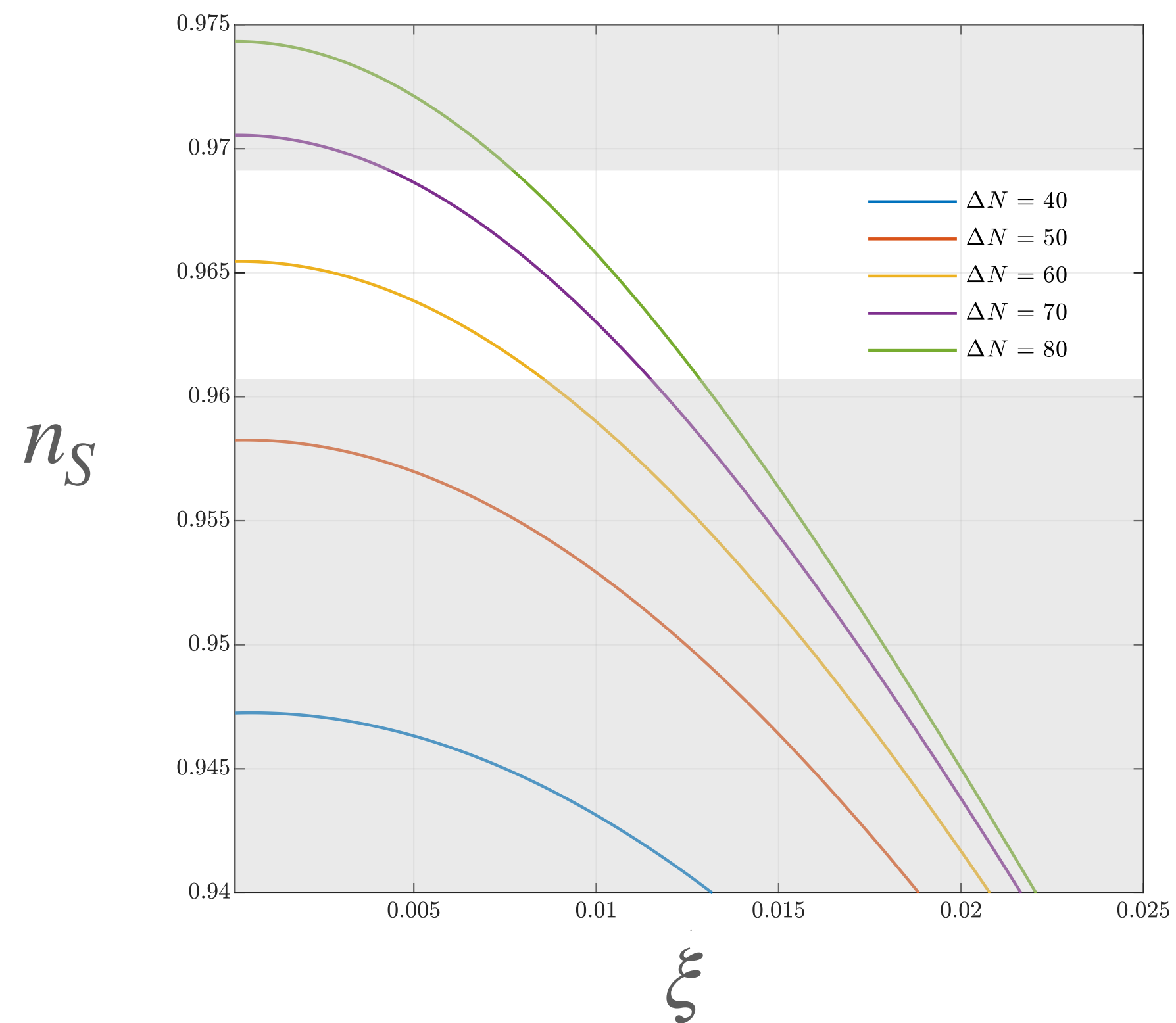
$$r \approx -16 \epsilon(\zeta_*)$$



# INFLATIONARY PREDICTIONS

## SPECTRAL INDICES

- $\Omega = \alpha\lambda + \xi^2 \lesssim 1.15 \xi^2$
- $\alpha \gtrsim 2 \times 10^{10}$
- $\xi \lesssim 1.3 \times 10^{-2}$
- $\Delta N \gtrsim 55$



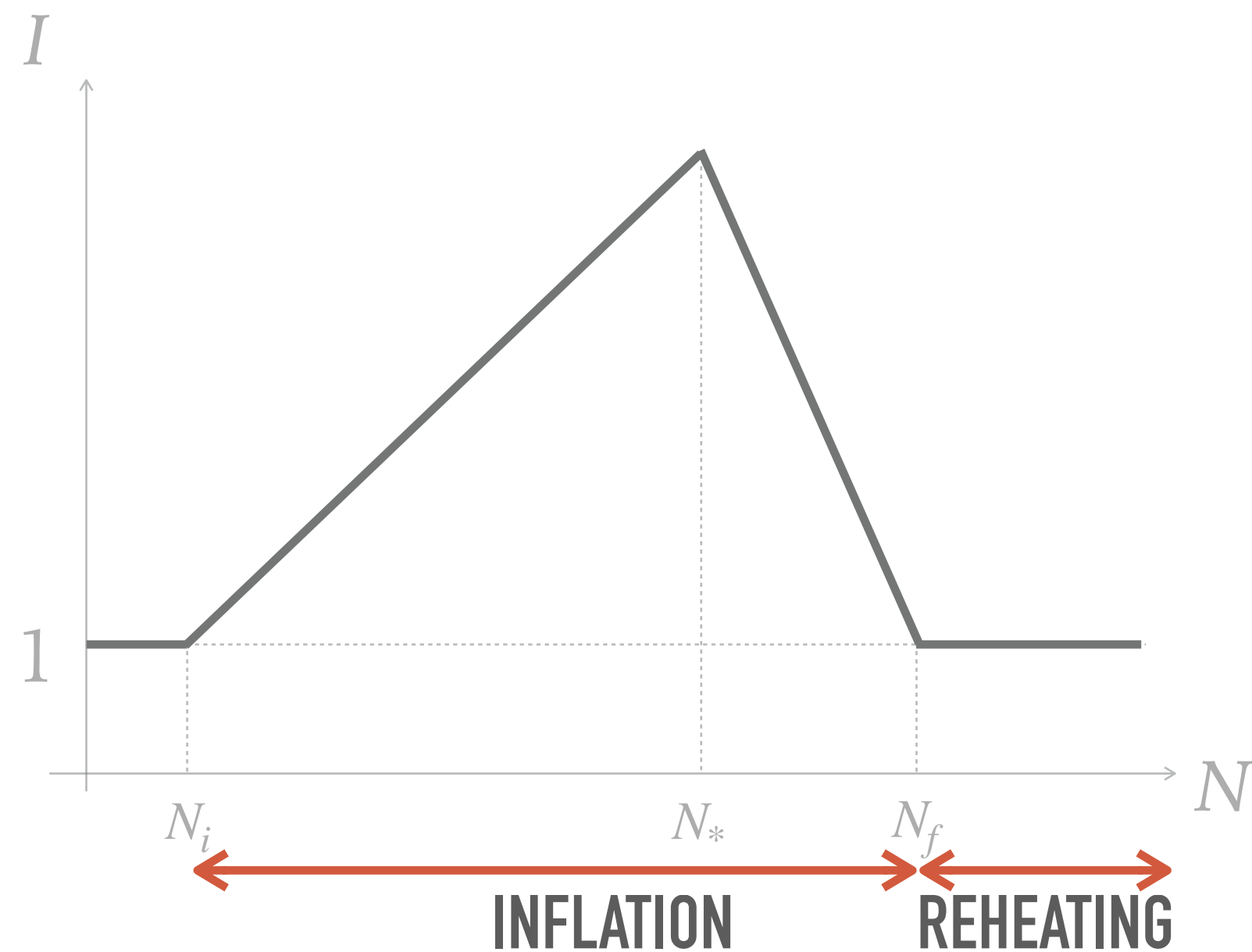
# INFLATIONARY PREDICTIONS

## MAGNETOGENESIS

*C. Cecchini & M. Rinaldi Phys Dar Univ 40 (2023)*

Modify the Maxwell's action and add helicity to generate primordial magnetic fields through a sawtooth coupling to the inflaton: EM conformal invariance is broken only during inflation  $\rightarrow$  amplification of vector perturbations

$$S = -\frac{1}{16\pi} \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} I^2[\zeta(t)] \left[ F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} - \gamma F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} \right] + \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \mathcal{L}_E$$



$$I = \begin{cases} \mathcal{C} \left( \frac{a}{a_*} \right)^{\nu_1} & a_i > a > a_* \\ \mathcal{C} \left( \frac{a}{a_*} \right)^{-\nu_2} & a_* > a > a_f \end{cases}$$

# INFLATIONARY PREDICTIONS

## MAGNETOGENESIS

*C. Cecchini & M. Rinaldi Phys Dar Univ 40 (2023)*

Present-day magnetic field's amplitude and coherence length compatible with bounds on the IGM fields

